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Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
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Super Foam

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Super Foam

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
Cleaner

Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Koch-Chemie GmbH
Einsteinstrasse 42
59423 Unna
Telefon: +49 (0) 2303 / 9 86 70 - 0
Fax: +49 (0) 2303 / 9 86 70 - 26
KCU@KOCH-CHEMIE.de
www.KOCH-CHEMIE.de

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:
IRL

National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9, Ireland, Tel.:
+353 (0)1 809 2166 (Public Poisons Info Line, 8am-10pm, 7 days a week)
+353 (0)1 809 2566 (Info for Healthcare Professionals ONLY, 24 h, 7 days a week)

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+1 872 5888271 (KCC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Eye Dam.	1	H318-Causes serious eye damage.
Carc.	2	H351-Suspected of causing cancer.
Aquatic Chronic	3	H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Danger

H318-Causes serious eye damage. H351-Suspected of causing cancer. H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P201-Obtain special instructions before use. P273-Avoid release to the environment. P280-Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313-IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

EUH205-Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208-Contains Dipentene, 3,7-dimethyloctan-3-ol. May produce an allergic reaction.

Trisodium nitrilotriacetate
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts
Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts
Reaction mass of: 2-ethylhexyl mono-D-glucopyranoside, 2-ethylhexyl di-D-glucopyranoside

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

Trisodium nitrilotriacetate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119519239-36-XXXX
Index	607-620-00-6
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	225-768-6
CAS	5064-31-3
content %	5-<10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	Carc. 2, H351: >=5 %

Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119489463-28-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	287-809-4
CAS	85586-07-8
content %	1-<10

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	Eye Dam. 1, H318: >=20,0001 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: >=10,0001 %

Sodium p-cumenesulphonate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119489411-37-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	239-854-6
CAS	15763-76-5
content %	1-<5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119488639-16-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	500-234-8
CAS	68891-38-3
content %	1-<3
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	Eye Dam. 1, H318: >=10 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: >=5 %

D-glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16(even numbered) alkyl glycosides	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119489418-23-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	600-975-8
CAS	110615-47-9
content %	1-<3
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: >=30 % Eye Dam. 1, H318: >12 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: >12 %

Reaction mass of: 2-ethylhexyl mono-D-glucopyranoside, 2-ethylhexyl di-D-glucopyranoside	
Registration number (REACH)	01-0000016147-72-XXXX
Index	614-028-00-1
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	414-420-0
CAS	(108081-06-7)
content %	1-<3
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Eye Dam. 1, H318

Dipentene	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	601-029-00-7
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	205-341-0
CAS	138-86-3
content %	0,1-<1

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)

3,7-dimethyloctan-3-ol	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	201-133-9
CAS	78-69-3
content %	0,1-<1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures
First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation
Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact
Wash thoroughly using copious water - remove contaminated clothing immediately. If skin irritation occurs (redness etc.), consult doctor.

Eye contact
Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water - call doctor immediately, have Data Sheet available.
Protect uninjured eye.
Follow-up examination by an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion
Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.
eyes, reddened
watering eyes
irritation of the eyes

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
Adapt to the nature and extent of fire.
Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher
Unsuitable extinguishing media
High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon
Oxides of nitrogen
Oxides of sulphur
Toxic gases

5.3 Advice for firefighters

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.
Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.
Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.
Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.
Do not take any measures that are associated with personal risk or have not been sufficiently trained.
Keep unprotected persons away.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.1.2 For emergency responders

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.
Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
Prevent from entering drainage system.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.
Fill the absorbed material into lockable containers.
Neutralising is possible (only from a specialist).
Diluting with water is possible.
Flush residue using copious water.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
Handle and open container with care.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Do not store with acids.
Do not use alkali sensitive materials.
Store at room temperature.
Store in a dry place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

IRL **Chemical Name**	Nitrilotriethanol	
OELV-8h: 5 mg/m3	OELV-15min: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

Trisodium nitrilotriacetate						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,93	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,093	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,915	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	540	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	3,64	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,364	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,182	mg/kg	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	0,2	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	1,75	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,75	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,5	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	5,25	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	5,25	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	3,5	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,5	mg/m3	

Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,654	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,358	mg/kg	
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,102	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,01	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1,35	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,036	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	3,58	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	24	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	85	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2440	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	4060	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	285	mg/m3	

Sodium p-cumenesulphonate

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,23	mg/l	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	2,3	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	100	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,023	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,862	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,086	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,037	mg/kg dw	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,048	mg/cm2	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,8	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,8	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	6,6	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,8	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	7,6	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	26,9	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,096	mg/cm2	

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,24	mg/l	
	Environment - periodic release		PNEC	0,13	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,024	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	5,45	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,545	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	10000	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,946	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,071	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater	Short term	PNEC	0,917	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine	Short term	PNEC	0,092	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil	Short term	PNEC	7,5	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,079	mg/cm2	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	15	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1650	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	52	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2750	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	175	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,132	mg/cm2	

D-glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16(even numbered) alkyl glycosides

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,176	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,018	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,0295	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	5000	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	1,516	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,065	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,654	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	111,11	mg/kg feed	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	35,7	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	357000	mg/kg bw/day	

Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	124	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	595000	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	420	mg/kg	

Reaction mass of: 2-ethylhexyl mono-D-glucopyranoside, 2-ethylhexyl di-D-glucopyranoside						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,098	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0098	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	980	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	98	mg/kg dry weight	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,6	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,75	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,75	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,5	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10,6	mg/m3	

3,7-dimethyloctan-3-ol						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,0089	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,00089	mg/l	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,089	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	450	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,0821	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,00821	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,0112	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,25	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,68	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,2	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	2,76	mg/cm2	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	2,76	mg/cm2	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,19	mg/cm2	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,19	mg/cm2	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,5	mg/kg	

Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,75	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	2,76	mg/cm2	

Nitrilotriethanol						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,32	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,032	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	5,12	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	10	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	1,7	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,17	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,151	mg/kg dry weight	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2,66	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,25	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,4	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	6,3	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	5	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	1	mg/m3	

Oxydipropanol						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,1	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,01	mg/l	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1000	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,238	mg/kg	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0238	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,0253	mg/kg	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	313	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	51	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	70	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	24	mg/kg	

Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	84	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	238	mg/m3	

GB WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

IRL OELV-8h = Occupational Exposure Limit Value (8-hour reference period). (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction.
(8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). |
OELV-15min = Occupational Exposure Limit Value (15-minute reference period). (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction.
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU. (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |
BLV = Biological limit value |
Other information: Carc1A, Carc1B = carcinogenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Muta1A, Muta1B = mutagenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Repr1A, Repr1B = Substances known to be toxic for reproduction, Cat. 1A or 1B. Sk = can be absorbed through skin. Asphx = asphyxiant. Sen = Respiratory sensitizer. BOELV = Binding Occupational Exposure Limit Values. IOELV = Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values.
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

M OELV-8h = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - 8 h (8-hour reference period as a time-weighted average)
[9] = Inhalable fraction (S.L.424.24), [10] = Respirable fraction (S.L.424.24).
(8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). |
OELV-ST = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - Short-term (15-minute reference period)
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU).
[8] = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute. (S.L.424.24), [9] = Inhalable fraction (S.L.424.24), [10] = Respirable fraction (S.L.424.24) |
BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) |
Other information: Skin = Possibility of a significant uptake through the skin.
[11] = When selecting an appropriate exposure monitoring method , account should be taken of potential limitations and interferences that may arise in the presence of other sulphur compounds. (S.L.424.24), [12] = The mist is defined as the thoracic fraction. (S.L.424.24), [13] = Established in accordance with the Annex to Directive 91/322/EEC. (S.L.424.24), [14] = During exposure monitoring for mercury and its divalent inorganic compounds, account should be taken of relevant biological monitoring techniques that complement the OELV. (S.L.424.24).
(EU13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE), (EU14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.
EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Use alkali resistant protective gloves (EN ISO 374).
If applicable
Protective gloves in butyl rubber (EN ISO 374).
Protective Neoprene® / polychloroprene gloves (EN ISO 374).
Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
0,5
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
120
Protective hand cream recommended.
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
Normally not necessary.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Yellow
Odour:	Characteristic
Melting point/freezing point:	There is no information available on this parameter.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flammability:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Lower explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Upper explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flash point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Auto-ignition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	11,4
Kinematic viscosity:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Solubility:	Mixable
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Does not apply to mixtures.
Vapour pressure:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Density and/or relative density:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Relative vapour density:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Particle characteristics:	Does not apply to liquids.

9.2 Other information
No information available at present.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.
10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Avoid contact with strong acids (exothermic reaction possible).
10.4 Conditions to avoid
None known
10.5 Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with strong acids.
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.
Avoid contact with alkali sensitive materials.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Super Foam						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.

Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Trisodium nitrilotriacetate

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	1740	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>10000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5	mg/l/4h			References, Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:						No indications of such an effect.
Carcinogenicity:				Mouse		Carc. 218 months
Reproductive toxicity:						No indications of such an effect.
Symptoms:						eyes, reddened, rash, gastrointestinal disturbances, mucous membrane irritation, nausea and vomiting.

Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>1800	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000		Rabbit		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Intensively irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	250	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	488	mg/kg/d		OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	

Sodium p-cumenesulphonate						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	>936	mg/kg	Rat		
Reproductive toxicity (Effects on fertility):	NOAEL	300-1000	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 421 (Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	
Aspiration hazard:						n.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	763-3534	mg/kg		OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	763	mg/kg	Rat		Target organ(s): heart, References
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), dermal:	LOAEL	1300	mg/kg bw/d	Mouse	OECD 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity - 90-day Study)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), dermal:	NOAEL	>440	mg/kg		OECD 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity - 90-day Study)	

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	4100	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	

Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Skin Irrit. 2
Serious eye damage/irritation:		>=10	%	Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Dam. 1
Serious eye damage/irritation:		>=5	%	Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 475 (Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	>1000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative, References
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	>300	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 416 (Two-generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	Negative, References
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	>225	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	Target organ(s): liver, References

D-glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16(even numbered) alkyl glycosides

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Skin Irrit. 2
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Dam. 1
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact), Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative

Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative Chinese hamster
Reproductive toxicity:				Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEL	1000	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	1000	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.26 (SUB-CHRONIC ORAL TOXICITY TEST REPEATED DOSE 90 - DAY (RODENTS))	
Symptoms:						eyes, reddened, watering eyes, blisters by skin-contact, stomach pain

Reaction mass of: 2-ethylhexyl mono-D-glucopyranoside, 2-ethylhexyl di-D-glucopyranoside

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000-5000	mg/kg	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.1 (ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.3 (ACUTE TOXICITY (DERMAL)	
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.5 (ACUTE EYE IRRITATION/CORROSION)	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:					OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:						Negative

Dipentene

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	5300	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	5000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						diarrhoea, rash, itching, gastrointestinal disturbances, mucous membrane irritation, nausea and vomiting.

3,7-dimethyloctan-3-ol

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Skin Irrit. 2

Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Skin Sens. 1B

Nitrilotriethanol

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	6400	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEL	250	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	
Carcinogenicity:					OECD 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)	With nitrosating agents nitrosamines may form., In animal experiments nitrosamines have proved carcinogenic.
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	300	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 421 (Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, diarrhoea, coughing, collapse, fatigue, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	1000	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), dermal:	NOAEL	125	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity - 90-day Study)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	0,5	mg/l	Rat	OECD 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity - 28-Day Study)	

11.2. Information on other hazards

Super Foam						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Super Foam							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							The surfactant(s) contained in this mixture complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.

12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.
12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.
Other information:							DOC-elimination degree(complexing organic substance)>= 80%/28d: Yes
Other information:	AOX			%			According to the recipe, contains no AOX.

Trisodium nitrilotriacetate							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-2,62				Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1).
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		References
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	96h	98	mg/l	Gammarus sp.		References
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	90-100	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	COD	28d	> 90	%	activated sludge	OECD 302 B (Inherent Biodegradability - Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		<3		Brachydanio rerio		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>91,5	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus		
Other information:	COD		625	mg/g			
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Water solubility:			660	g/l			Soluble 20°C
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	8h	3200-5600	mg/l	Pseudomonas fluorescens	DIN 38412 T.8	

Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-14-alkyl esters, sodium salts							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	3,6	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	

12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	34d	0,11-0,35	mg/l		OECD 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	4,7	mg/l	Daphnia magna	84/449/EEC C.2	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>20	mg/l		84/449/EEC C.3	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	0,6	mg/l		84/449/EEC C.3	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	75,7	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable

Sodium p-cumenesulphonate							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Cyprinus caprio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>100	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	96h	31	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		EPA OTS 797.1050
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	>60	%	activated sludge	OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-1,1			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1). 23 °C
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	3h	>1000	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	7,1	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	

12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	28d	0,1	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 204 (Fish, Prolonged Toxicity Test - 14-Day Study)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	0,27	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	7,2	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	96h	0,95	mg/l		OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	27,7	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	95	%		OECD 301 E (Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	>70	%		OECD 301 A (Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	DOC	28d	100	%	activated sludge	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 C.4-C (DETERMINATION OF 'READY' BIODEGRADABILITY - CO2 EVOLUTION TEST)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		-1,38				Low
12.4. Mobility in soil:	Koc		191				calculated value
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	16h	>10	g/l	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412 T.8	

D-glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16(even numbered) alkyl glycosides							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	28d	1,8	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 204 (Fish, Prolonged Toxicity Test - 14-Day Study)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Kow		<=-0,07				Lowat 20 °C
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	2,95-5,9	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	7-14	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	

12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	88	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	1-4	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	5-38	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Reaction mass of: 2-ethylhexyl mono-D-glucopyranoside, 2-ethylhexyl di-D-glucopyranoside

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>310	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>100	mg/l	Selenastrum capricornutum		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	BOD	28d	>60	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	

Dipentene

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	EC50	96h	20,2	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	38,5	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	70	mg/l	Daphnia pulex		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	28,2	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	IC50	78h	13,798	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	83	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		4,57				High
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

3,7-dimethyloctan-3-ol

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		3,3				Low

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		99,87				Low
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	96h	5	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	8,9	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	64	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	14,2	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	48h	8,2	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	13,2	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	8,5	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	30min	1000	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		
Water solubility:			0,32	g/l			25°C

Nitrilotriethanol							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		<3,9		Cyprinus caprio	OECD 305 (Bioconcentration - Flow-Through Fish Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	16	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	11800	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	References
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	97	%		OECD 301 A (Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test)	Biodegradable
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	609,9	mg/l	Ceriodaphnia spec.	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-2,3			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	Not accepted due to the log Pow - value.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	512	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
Toxicity to insects:	LC50	3d	49,95	mg/kg	Drosophila melanogaster		
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	16h	>10.000	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
20 01 29 detergents containing hazardous substances
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
E.g. suitable incineration plant.
E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Empty container completely.
Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.
Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.
15 01 02 plastic packaging

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

14.1. UN number or ID number: n.a.

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.
14.4. Packing group: n.a.
Classification code: n.a.
LQ: n.a.
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable
Tunnel restriction code:

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.
14.4. Packing group: n.a.
Marine Pollutant: n.a
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Transport by air (IATA)

14.2. UN proper shipping name:
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.
14.4. Packing group: n.a.
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user
Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection (national implementation of the Directive 92/85/EEC)!
Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): < 2 %

REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004
5 % or over but less than 15 %
NTA (nitrilotriacetic acid) and salts thereof
anionic surfactants
less than 5 %
non-ionic surfactants

perfumes
LIMONENE
LINALOOL
BENZYL SALICYLATE
HEXYL CINNAMAL
COUMARIN
ALPHA-ISOMETHYL IONONE
AMYL CINNAMAL
CITRONELLOL
2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL

National rules/regulation for the compliance with maximum quantities with regard to phosphates and or phosphorous compounds must be observed and complied with.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 15, 16
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Carc. 2, H351	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage
Carc. — Carcinogenicity
Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral
Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation
Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation
Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid
Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization
Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard
Aquatic Acute — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

Key literature references and sources for data:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.
Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).
Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).
Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.
ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.
GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).
German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).
EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.
National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.
Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BSEF The International Bromine Council
bw body weight
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
dw dry weight
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ErCx, EμCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Kow octanol-water partition coefficient
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)
NLP No-longer-Polymer
NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppm parts per million
PVC Polyvinylchloride
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
TOC Total organic carbon
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.
These statements were made by:

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