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GB IRL M

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)
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Copo Star 96
Art.: 276999

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

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1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
Vehicle cleansing

Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Koch-Chemie GmbH
Einsteinstrasse 42
59423 Unna
Telefon: +49 (0) 2303 / 9 86 70 - 0
Fax: +49 (0) 2303 / 9 86 70 - 26
info@koch-chemie.com
www.koch-chemie.com

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:
IRL

National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9, Ireland, Tel.:
+353 (0)1 809 2166 (Public Poisons Info Line, 8am-10pm, 7 days a week)
+353 (0)1 809 2566 (Info for Healthcare Professionals ONLY, 24 h, 7 days a week)

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+1 872 5888271 (KCC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Eye Dam.	1	H318-Causes serious eye damage.
Met. Corr.	1	H290-May be corrosive to metals.
Skin Corr.	1	H314-Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Danger

H290-May be corrosive to metals. H314-Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

P260-Do not breathe vapours or spray. P280-Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. P301+P330+P331-IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353-IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310-Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor. P390-Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Sodium hydroxide
Disodium metasilicate, pentahydrate
2-Propylheptanol, ethoxylated

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

2-Propylheptanol, ethoxylated	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	---
CAS	160875-66-1
content %	1-<5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	Eye Dam. 1, H318: >10 % ATE (oral): 700 mg/kg

Sodium p-cumenesulphonate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119489411-37-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	239-854-6
CAS	15763-76-5
content %	1-<5

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Disodium metasilicate, pentahydrate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119449811-37-XXXX
Index	014-010-00-8
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	229-912-9
CAS	10213-79-3
content %	1-<5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

Sodium hydroxide	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119457892-27-XXXX
Index	011-002-00-6
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	215-185-5
CAS	1310-73-2
content %	1-<5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Specific Concentration Limits and ATE	Skin Corr. 1A, H314: >=5 % Skin Corr. 1B, H314: >=2 % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: >=0,5 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: >=0,5 %

alpha-hexylcinnamaldehyde	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119533092-50-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	202-983-3
CAS	101-86-0
content %	0,001-<0,1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.
The addition of the highest concentrations listed here can result in a classification. Only when this classification is listed in Section 2 does it apply. In all other cases the total concentration is below the classification.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact

Wash thoroughly using copious water - remove contaminated clothing immediately. If skin irritation occurs (redness etc.), consult doctor.
Cauterizations not treated lead to wounds difficult to heal.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water - call doctor immediately, have Data Sheet available.

Protect uninjured eye.
Follow-up examination by an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.
Corrosive burns on skin as well as mucous membrane possible.
Necrosis
Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Corneal damage.
Danger of blindness.
Ingestion:
Pain in the mouth and throat
Gastrointestinal disturbances
Oesophageal perforation
Gastric perforation

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Adapt to the nature and extent of fire.
Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon
Oxides of sulphur
Toxic gases

5.3 Advice for firefighters

For personal protective equipment see Section 8.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.
Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.
Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.
Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.
Do not take any measures that are associated with personal risk or have not been sufficiently trained.
Keep unprotected persons away.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.1.2 For emergency responders

See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.

6.2 Environmental precautions
If leakage occurs, dam up.
Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
Prevent from entering drainage system.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.
Fill the absorbed material into lockable containers.
Neutralising is possible (only from a specialist).
Diluting with water is possible.
Flush residue using copious water.

6.4 Reference to other sections
For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations
Ensure good ventilation.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
Handle and open container with care.
There should be an eyewash station and safety shower located near the area of use.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace
General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Do not store with acids.
Do not use alkali sensitive materials.
Store at room temperature.
Store in a dry place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)
No information available at present.
Observe the instructions for good working practice and the recommendations for risk assessment.
Consult hazardous substance information systems, e.g. from the professional associations, the chemical industry or different industries,
depending on the application (building materials, wood, chemistry, laboratory, leather, metal).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

GB **Chemical Name**	Sodium hydroxide	
WEL-TWA: ---	WEL-STEL: 2 mg/m3	---
Monitoring procedures:	ISO 15202 (Workplace air - Determination of metals and metalloids in airborne particulate matter by Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission Spectrometry), Part 1-3 - 2012(Part 1), 2012(Part 2), 2004 (Part 3)	-

- NIOSH 7401 (Alkaline dusts) - 1994 OSHA ID-121 (Metal and metalloid particulates in workplace atmospheres (Atomic absorption)) - 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 45-5 - (2004)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---

IRL **Chemical Name**	Sodium hydroxide	
OELV-8h: ---	OELV-15min: 2 mg/m3	---
Monitoring procedures:	ISO 15202 (Workplace air - Determination of metals and metalloids in airborne particulate matter by Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Emission - Spectrometry), Part 1-3 - 2012(Part 1), 2012(Part 2), 2004 (Part 3) - NIOSH 7401 (Alkaline dusts) - 1994 OSHA ID-121 (Metal and metalloid particulates in workplace atmospheres (Atomic absorption)) - 2002 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 45-5 - (2004)	
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

Sodium p-cumenesulphonate

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,1	mg/l	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	1	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	100	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,01	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,372	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,037	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,016	mg/kg dw	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,048	mg/cm2	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,8	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	68,1	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	6,6	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	3,8	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	191	mg/kg body weight/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	37,4	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,096	mg/cm2	

Disodium metasilicate, pentahydrate

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - groundwater		PNEC	7,5	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	1	mg/l	

	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	7,5	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1000	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,55	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,74	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,74	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	6,22	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1,49	mg/kg bw/day	

Sodium hydroxide						
Area of application	**Exposure route / Environmental compartment**	**Effect on health**	**Descriptor**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Note**
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	1	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	1	mg/m3	

GB - United Kingdom | WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit - 8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/CE, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/CE). |
| WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit - 15-minute reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |
| BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).
(EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |
| Other information (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)): Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (98/24/EC, 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/CE), (15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

IRL - Ireland/Éire | OELV-8h = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - 8-hour reference period (Chemical Agents and Carcinogens CoP (Code of Practice) 2024, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/CE). |
| OELV-15min = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - 15-minute reference period (Chemical Agents and Carcinogens CoP (Code of Practice) 2024, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |

| BMGV = Biological Monitoring Guidance Value (Biological Monitoring Guidelines 2011, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): ACGIH-BEI = BMGV have been sourced from Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) as issued by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). SCOEL = BMGV have been sourced from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limit Values (SCOEL) which was set up by a Commission Decision (95/320/EC) with the mandate to advise the European Commission on occupational exposure limits for chemicals in the workplace. HSE = BMGV have been sourced from the Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK.
(EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |
| Other information (Chemical Agents and Carcinogens CoP (Code of Practice) 2024, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): Carc1A, Carc1B = carcinogenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Muta1A, Muta1B = mutagenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Repr1A, Repr1B = Substances known to be toxic for reproduction, Cat. 1A or 1B. Skin = Can be absorbed through skin. Asphx = asphyxiant. Sens = The substance can cause sensitisation. BOELV = Binding Occupational Exposure Limit Values. IOELV = Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (98/24/EC, 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/CE), (15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

M - Malta | OELV-8h = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - 8 h (8-hour reference period as a time-weighted average) [S.L.646.16, last amended by L.N. 356 of 2021 and Act XXXIII of 2024]: [9] = Inhalable fraction, [10] = Respirable fraction.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/CE). |
| OELV-ST = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - Short-term (15-minute reference period) [S.L.646.16, last amended by L.N. 356 of 2021 and Act XXXIII of 2024]: [8] = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute, [9] = Inhalable fraction, [10] = Respirable fraction.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |
| BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020), United Kingdom) / BBLV = Binding Biological Limit Value (S.L.646.16, last amended by L.N. 356 of 2021 and Act XXXIII of 2024).
(EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |
| Other information [S.L.646.16, last amended by L.N. 356 of 2021 and Act XXXIII of 2024]: Skin = Possibility of a significant uptake through the skin. [11] = When selecting an appropriate exposure monitoring method , account should be taken of potential limitations and interferences that may arise in the presence of other sulphur compounds. [12] = The mist is defined as the thoracic fraction. [13] = Established in accordance with the Annex to Directive 91/322/EEC. [14] = During exposure monitoring for mercury and its divalent inorganic compounds, account should be taken of relevant biological monitoring techniques that complement the OELV.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:
(EU13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (2004/37/CE), (EU14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/CE), (EU15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.
EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).
If applicable
Face protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN ISO 374).
If applicable
Protective gloves in butyl rubber (EN ISO 374).
Protective Neoprene® / polychloroprene gloves (EN ISO 374).
Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).
Protective PVC gloves (EN ISO 374).
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
0,5
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
480
Protective hand cream recommended.
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
Normally not necessary.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls
No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Green
Odour:	Characteristic
Melting point/freezing point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flammability:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Lower explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Upper explosion limit:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flash point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Auto-ignition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	13,3

Kinematic viscosity:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Solubility:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Does not apply to mixtures.
Vapour pressure:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Density and/or relative density:	1,07 g/cm3
Relative vapour density:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Particle characteristics:	Does not apply to liquids.

9.2 Other information

Corrosive to metals:	Corrosive to aluminium and steel

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
Product corrodes metals.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Avoid contact with strong acids (exothermic reaction possible).
Avoid contact with certain metals e.g. aluminium (development of hydrogen gas possible).

10.4 Conditions to avoid
None known

10.5 Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with strong acids.
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.
Avoid contact with alkali sensitive materials.
Avoid contact with certain metals e.g. aluminium.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

2-Propylheptanol, ethoxylated

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>700-1700	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	700	mg/kg			
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation

Sodium p-cumenesulphonate						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	>936	mg/kg	Rat		
Reproductive toxicity (Effects on fertility):	NOAEL	300-1000	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 421 (Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	763-3534	mg/kg		OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	763	mg/kg	Rat		Target organ(s): heart, References
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), dermal:	LOAEL	1300	mg/kg bw/d	Mouse	OECD 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity - 90-day Study)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), dermal:	NOAEL	>440	mg/kg		OECD 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity - 90-day Study)	
Aspiration hazard:						n.a.

Disodium metasilicate, pentahydrate						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**

Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	U.S. EPA Guidline OPPTS 870.1200	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>2,06	g/m3	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LD50	>2,06	mg/l/4h			Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Corrosive
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	Corrosive
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:						No indications of such an effect.
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEL	>200	mg/kg bw/d	Mouse		Negative
Reproductive toxicity (Effects on fertility):	NOAEL	>159	mg/kg bw/d	Rat		Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	260-284	mg/kg bw/d	Mouse		Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	227-237	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	Negative
Symptoms:						mucous membrane irritation

Sodium hydroxide

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2500	mg/kg	Rabbit	Regulation (EC) 440/2008 B.3 (ACUTE TOXICITY (DERMAL)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Skin Corr. 1A
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Dam. 1
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Human being	(Patch-Test)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, coughing, abdominal pain, shock, cramps

alpha-hexylcinnamaldehyde

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	~3100	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	

Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>3000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Skin Sens. 1

11.2. Information on other hazards

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Art.: 276999

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Copo Star 96
Art.: 276999

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							The surfactant(s) contained in this mixture complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.
12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.
Other information:							DOC-elimination degree(complexing organic substance)>= 80%/28d: Yes
Other information:	AOX			%			According to the recipe, contains no AOX.

2-Propylheptanol, ethoxylated

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>10-100	mg/l	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha		Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>10-100	mg/l	Daphnia magna		Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	10-100	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus		Analogous conclusion
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	BOD	28d	>60	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Sodium p-cumenesulphonate

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Cyprinus caprio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>100	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	96h	31	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		EPA OTS 797.1050
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	>60	%	activated sludge	OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-1,1			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1). 23 °C
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	3h	>1000	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	

Disodium metasilicate, pentahydrate

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	210	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	ISO 7346	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	1700	mg/l	Daphnia magna	84/449/EEC C.2	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	207	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	DIN 38412 T.9	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	> 100	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	

Sodium hydroxide

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	45,4	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	125	mg/l	Gambusia affinis		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	40,4	mg/l	Ceriodaphnia spec.		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Kow		-3,88				Negative
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							Not relevant for inorganic substances.
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	15min	22	mg/l	Photobacterium phosphoreum		

alpha-hexylcinnamaldehyde

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1,7	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	96h	~0,93	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
For the substance / mixture / residual amounts
EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
20 01 29 detergents containing hazardous substances
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
E.g. suitable incineration plant.
E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.
For contaminated packing material
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Empty container completely.
Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.
Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements
Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)
14.1. UN number or ID number: 1760
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1760 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, DISODIUM METASILICATE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 8
14.4. Packing group: III
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable
Tunnel restriction code: E
Classification code: C9
LQ: 5 L
Transport category: 3
Transport by sea (IMDG-code)
14.1. UN number or ID number: 1760
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1760 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, DISODIUM METASILICATE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 8
14.4. Packing group: III
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable
EmS: F-A, S-B
Segregation: -
Transport by air (IATA)
14.1. UN number or ID number: 1760
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1760 Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, DISODIUM METASILICATE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 8

14.4. Packing group: III
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.
All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.
Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.
Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.
Danger code and packing code on request.
Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): < 0,5 %

REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004

less than 5 %
non-ionic surfactants
anionic surfactants

perfumes
CITRONELLOL

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 8
Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Classification based on the pH value.
Met. Corr. 1, H290	Classification based on test data.
Skin Corr. 1, H314	Classification based on the pH value.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H290 May be corrosive to metals.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Eye Dam. — Serious eye damage
Met. Corr. — Substance or mixture corrosive to metals
Skin Corr. — Skin corrosion
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral
Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation
STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - respiratory tract irritation
Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization
Aquatic Acute — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute
Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Key literature references and sources for data:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.
Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).
Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).
Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.
ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.
GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).
German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).
EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.
National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.
Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (= Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BSEF The International Bromine Council
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ErCx, EμCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Kow octanol-water partition coefficient
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
mg/kg bw mg/kg body weight
mg/kg bw/d, mg/kg bw/day mg/kg body weight/day
mg/kg dw mg/kg dry weight
mg/kg wwt mg/kg wet weight
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)
NLP No-longer-Polymer
NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppm parts per million
PVC Polyvinylchloride
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 6/7/8/9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
TOC Total organic carbon
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.
These statements were made by:

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)
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Chemical Check GmbH, Chemical Check Platz 1-7, D-32839 Steinheim, Tel.: +49 5233 94 17 0, Fax: +49 5233 94 17 90

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